# 2,843,000 Shares

#### [Forrester Research, Inc. LOGO] Common Stock

Forrester Research, Inc. is offering 200,000 of the shares to be sold in the offering. The selling stockholders identified in this prospectus are offering an additional 2,643,000 shares. Forrester will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of shares being sold by the selling stockholders.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "FORR". The last reported sale price for the common stock on February 22, 2000 was \$39.50 per share.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on Page 4 to read about factors you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.

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NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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	PER SHARE	TOTAL
Initial price to public	\$39.00	\$ 110,877,000
Underwriting discount	\$ 2.05	\$ 5,828,150
Proceeds, before expenses, to Forrester	\$36.95	\$7,390,000
Proceeds, before expenses, to the selling stockholders	\$36.95	\$ 97,658,850

To the extent that the underwriters sell more than 2,843,000 shares of common stock, the underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional 426,450 shares from Forrester at the initial price to the public, less the underwriting discount.

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The underwriters expect to deliver the shares against payment in New York, New York on February 28, 2000.

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

ADAMS, HARKNESS & HILL, INC. THOMAS WEISEL PARTNERS LLC FAC/EQUITIES WILLIAM BLAIR & COMPANY Prospectus dated February 22, 2000.

#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary does not contain all the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, especially "Risk Factors" beginning on Page 4.

# FORRESTER RESEARCH, INC.

We are a leading independent Internet research firm that conducts research and analysis on the impact of the Internet and emerging technologies on business strategy, consumer behavior and society. We provide our clients with a comprehensive and integrated perspective on technology and business, which we call the Whole View of Internet commerce. Our Whole View approach helps companies evolve their business models and infrastructure to embrace broader on-line markets and to scale their Internet operations. We help our clients develop e-business strategies that use the Internet and other emerging technologies to win customers, identify new markets and gain competitive operational advantages. We target our products and services to large enterprises, Internet companies and technology vendors. Senior management, business strategists and marketing and technology professionals use our prescriptive, actionable research to understand and capitalize on the Internet and emerging business models and technologies.

In addition to analyzing the Internet, we also use Internet technologies as an integral part of our business. We have developed a technology platform that we call "Forrester eResearch" that allows us to conduct, design, sell and deliver our research over the Internet in a format specifically developed to maximize its impact and effectiveness. Our eResearch platform enhances our research data and content quality and provides our clients with instant access to our research, on-line tools and presentations and interactive services.

As of December 31, 1999, our research was delivered to 1,793 client companies. Approximately 74% of our client companies with memberships expiring during the year ended December 31, 1999 renewed one or more memberships for the Company's products and services.

#### OUR OFFICES

Our principal executive offices are located at 400 Technology Square, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139 and our telephone number is (617) 497-7090. Our Internet address is www.forrester.com. The information contained on our web site is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this prospectus to "Forrester", "we", "us" and "our" refer to Forrester Research, Inc. and our subsidiaries.

Technographics and Forrester are our registered trademarks. The Whole View, Forrester eResearch, eBusiness Voyage, PowerRankings, Adwatch and Internet User Monitor are our trademarks. This prospectus also includes trademarks of other companies. THE OFFERING

Shares offered by Forrester Shares offered by the selling stockholders	,
Shares to be outstanding after the offering Nasdaq National Market symbol Use of proceeds	FORR

The shares of common stock to be outstanding after the offering exclude 7,044,279 shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options issued by us as of February 18, 2000 at a weighted average exercise price of \$15.31 per share.

All of the information in this prospectus:

- gives effect to the two-for-one stock split effected as a 100% stock dividend on February 7, 2000; and

- assumes no exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option.

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

Pro forma net income for 1995 and 1996 reflect a pro forma tax adjustment to adjust net income for income tax expense as if we were taxed as a C corporation for those years. Net income, as adjusted for 1999, and diluted net income per common share, as adjusted for 1999, exclude the after tax effects of costs related to our acquisition of Fletcher Research Limited; presentation of these amounts is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,					
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA:						
Core research	\$10,150	\$18,206	\$30,431	\$46,842	\$64,697	
Advisory services and other	4,439	6,757	9,990	14,725	22,571	
Total revenues	14,589	24,963	40,421	61,567	87,268	
Income from operations	1,784	4,082	6,766	9,182	13,860	
Net income	2,027	4,004	5,598	7,547	10,981	
Pro forma income tax adjustment	739	1,198	-,	<b>y</b> -	- /	
Pro forma net income	1,288	2,806				
Net income, as adjusted					11,622	
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.61	
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.55	
Basic pro forma net income per common share	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.23				
Diluted pro forma net income per common share	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.22				
Diluted net income per common share, as adjusted					\$ 0.58	
Basic weighted average common shares	12,000	12,384	16,679	17,041	18,028	
Diluted weighted average common shares	12,000	12,852	17,703	18,744	20,067	

The following table provides a summary of our consolidated balance sheets. The as adjusted column reflects our sale of 200,000 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$39.00 per share, after deducting the underwriters' discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, but excluding proceeds we will receive in connection with the exercise of options by several selling stockholders for shares to be sold by them in this offering.

	DECEMBER	31, 1999
	ACTUAL	AS ADJUSTED
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA: Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities Working capital Deferred revenue Total assets Total stockholders' equity	\$ 98,787 65,366 66,233 159,393 78,805	\$105,677 72,256 66,233 166,283 85,695

#### RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below before purchasing our common stock. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be harmed. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

IF WE DO NOT ATTRACT AND RETAIN QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL STAFF, WE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO MAINTAIN OUR POSITION IN THE MARKET OR GROW OUR BUSINESS

Our future success will depend in large measure upon the continued contributions of our senior management team, research analysts and experienced sales and marketing personnel. Thus, our future operating results will be largely dependent upon our ability to retain the services of these individuals and to attract additional qualified people from a limited pool of qualified candidates. We experience intense competition in hiring and retaining professionals from developers of Internet and emerging technology products, other research firms, management consulting firms, print and electronic publishing companies and financial services companies. Many of these firms have substantially greater ability, either through cash or equity, to attract and compensate qualified people. In addition, the Internet has created many opportunities for people with the skills we seek to form their own companies or join start-up companies, and these opportunities frequently offer the potential for significant future financial profit through equity incentives that we cannot match. If we lose professionals or are unable to attract new talent to Forrester, we will not be able to maintain our position in the market or grow our business.

IF WE DO NOT MANAGE OUR GROWTH EFFECTIVELY, IT COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR ABILITY TO GROW REVENUE AND COULD INCREASE OUR OPERATING EXPENSES

Our growth has placed significant demands on our management and other resources. Our revenues increased approximately 42% to \$87.3 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$61.6 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. Our ability to effectively manage growth will require us to continue to develop and improve our operational, financial, electronic research collection and distribution, technology and other internal systems. We must also continue to expand our business development capabilities and continue to train, motivate and manage our employees. If we are unable to effectively manage our growth, it would have an adverse effect on the quality of our products and services, our ability to retain key personnel and to grow revenue and could increase our operating expenses.

OUR OPERATING RESULTS FLUCTUATE AND OUR STOCK PRICE MAY BE VOLATILE AS A RESULT

Our revenues and earnings may fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on a variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control. The factors include, but are not limited to:

- the timing and size of new and renewal memberships for our research from clients;
- the timing of revenue-generating Forum events sponsored by us;
- the utilization of our advisory services by our clients;
- the introduction and marketing of new products and services by us and our competitors;
- the hiring and training of new analysts and sales personnel;
- changes in demand for our research; and
- general economic conditions.

As a result, our operating results in future quarters may be below the expectations of securities analysts and investors which could have an adverse effect on the market price for our

common stock. Factors such as announcements of new products, services, offices or strategic alliances by us or our competitors, as well as market conditions in the Internet and emerging technologies services industry, may have a significant impact on the market price of our common stock. The market price for our common stock may also be affected by movements in prices of stocks in general.

A DECLINE IN RENEWALS FOR OUR MEMBERSHIP-BASED RESEARCH SERVICES COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR REVENUES

Our success depends in large part upon renewals of memberships for our research products. Approximately 74% of our revenues in the year ended December 31, 1999 were derived from our membership-based research products. In addition, approximately 74% of our client companies with memberships expiring during this period renewed one or more memberships for our products and services. A significant decline in renewal rates for our research products could have an adverse effect on our revenues.

LOSS OF KEY MANAGEMENT COULD AFFECT OUR ABILITY TO RUN OUR BUSINESS

Our future success will depend in large part upon the continued services of a number of our key management employees. The loss of any one of them, in particular George F. Colony, our founder and Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, could adversely affect our business.

IF WE DO NOT ANTICIPATE AND RESPOND TO MARKET TRENDS, WE MAY NOT REMAIN COMPETITIVE

Our success depends in part upon our ability to anticipate rapidly changing technologies and market trends and to adapt our research to meet the changing information needs of our clients. The technology and commerce sectors that we analyze undergo frequent and often dramatic changes. The changes include:

- the introduction of new products and obsolescence of others;
- the use of technology to transform existing and create new business models;
- shifting strategies and market positions of major industry participants;
- paradigm shifts in system architectures; and
- changing objectives and expectations of users of technology.

The environment of rapid and continuous change presents significant challenges to our ability to provide our clients with current and timely analysis, strategies and advice on issues of importance to them. Meeting these challenges requires the commitment of substantial resources. Any failure to continue to provide insightful and timely analysis of developments, technologies and trends in a manner that meets market needs could have an adverse effect on our market position and results of operations.

IF WE DO NOT DEVELOP AND OFFER NEW PRODUCTS AND SERVICES, WE COULD LOSE OUR COMPETITIVE POSITION AND FAIL TO GROW OUR BUSINESS

Our future success will depend in part on our ability to offer new products and services. These new products and services must successfully gain market acceptance by addressing specific industry and business organization sectors, anticipating and identifying changes in client requirements and changes in the technology industry. The process of internally researching, developing, launching and gaining client acceptance of a new product or service, or assimilating and marketing an acquired product or service, is risky and costly. We may not be able to introduce new, or assimilate acquired, products or services successfully. Our failure to do so would adversely affect our ability to maintain a competitive position in our market and continue to grow our business. THE MARKET FOR RESEARCH PRODUCTS AND SERVICES IS COMPETITIVE AND IF WE FAIL TO COMPETE EFFECTIVELY, WE COULD LOSE OUR MARKET POSITION

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We compete in the market for research products and services with other independent providers of similar services. We may also face increased competition from Internet-based research firms. Some of our competitors have substantially greater financial, information-gathering and marketing resources than we do. In addition, our indirect competitors include the internal planning and marketing staffs of our current and prospective clients, as well as other information providers such as electronic and print publishing companies, survey-based general market research firms and general business consulting firms. Our indirect competitors may choose to compete directly against us in the future. In addition, there are relatively few barriers to entry into our market and new competitors could readily seek to compete against us in one or more market segments addressed by our products and services. Increased competition could adversely affect our operating results through pricing pressure and loss of market share.

IF WE FAIL TO INTEGRATE OUR RECENTLY COMPLETED ACQUISITION EFFECTIVELY, IT COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR OPERATING EXPENSES AND COULD CAUSE US TO FAIL TO ACHIEVE THE BENEFITS WE EXPECTED

We recently acquired Fletcher Research Limited, an Internet research company located in the United Kingdom. It was our first acquisition and our management has had no experience to date integrating acquisitions into our business. The integration of any acquisition can be disruptive, divert management time and attention and result in a failure to realize the expected benefits of the acquisition. The problems may be accentuated where the acquired company is foreign and located far from our headquarters. If we do not integrate the Fletcher acquisition effectively, we could fail to achieve the benefits we expected.

OUR CHAIRMAN AND CEO HAS SIGNIFICANT VOTING POWER AND MAY EFFECTIVELY CONTROL THE OUTCOME OF ANY STOCKHOLDER VOTE

George F. Colony, our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, will beneficially own approximately 46% of our common stock after the offering. As a result, he has the ability to substantially influence, and may effectively control, the outcome of corporate actions requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors. This concentration of ownership may also have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of Forrester even if such a change of control would benefit other investors.

OUR CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PROVISIONS MAY DETER A FINANCIALLY ATTRACTIVE TAKEOVER ATTEMPT

Provisions of our charter and by-laws may discourage, delay or prevent a merger or acquisition that stockholders may consider favorable, including transactions in which stockholders would receive a premium for their shares. These provisions include the following:

- any action to be taken by stockholders must be taken at a meeting and may not be taken by written consent;
- stockholders must comply with advance notice requirements before raising a matter at a meeting of stockholders or nominating a director for election;
- only our chairman, chief executive officer or, if there is none, the president or the board of directors may call a special meeting of stockholders;
- our board of directors is divided into three classes and the members may be removed by the stockholders only for cause; and
- our board of directors has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to fix the rights and preferences of and issue shares of preferred stock.

## SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus includes and incorporates forward-looking statements that are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. All statements, other than statements of historical facts included or incorporated in this prospectus, regarding our strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management are forward-looking statements. When used in this prospectus, the words "will", "believe", "anticipate", "intend", "estimate", "expect", "project" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. We cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures or strategic investments. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including the risks described in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus. We do not assume any obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements we make.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds from our sale of 200,000 shares of common stock will be approximately \$6.9 million, based on an offering price to the public of \$39.00 per share and after deducting the underwriters' discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock by the selling stockholders.

We expect to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, including working capital. We may also use a portion of the net proceeds to acquire or invest in complementary businesses or to make strategic investments, including a minority investment of approximately \$1.0 million in a technology data and research business. We have no current commitments or agreements with respect to any other acquisition or investment. Pending these uses, the net proceeds of this offering will be invested in interest-bearing, investment-grade securities.

## DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock since we became a public company. We presently intend to retain any future earnings to finance the expansion of our business and do not expect to pay any cash dividends.

## PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "FORR". The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low intraday sale prices for our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq National Market.

	HIGH	LOW
1998 First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter	\$17.94 \$21.88 \$21.31	\$ 9.25 \$14.38 \$14.75
Fourth Quarter	\$22.00	\$11.88
1999		
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	\$24.44 \$19.25 \$20.50 \$36.44	\$14.63 \$10.94 \$10.50 \$19.00
2000		

First Quarter (through February 22, 2000)..... \$55.00 \$22.84

On February 22, 2000, the closing sale price of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq National Market was \$39.50 per share and we had approximately 40 holders of record of our common stock.

#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of December 31, 1999:

- on an actual basis, giving effect to the two-for-one stock split effected as a 100% stock dividend on February 7, 2000 and an amendment to our certificate of incorporation increasing the number of authorized shares of common stock to 125,000,000; and
- on an as adjusted basis to reflect the net proceeds from our sale of 200,000 shares of common stock, at an offering price to the public of \$39.00 per share and after deducting the underwriters' discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, but excluding proceeds we will receive in connection with the exercise of options by various selling stockholders for shares to be sold by them in this offering.

This information excludes 6,457,472 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options issued by us as of December 31, 1999 at a weighted average exercise price of \$13.28 per share.

	DECEMBE	R 31, 1999
	ACTUAL	AS ADJUSTED
		OUSANDS)
Preferred stock, par value, \$0.01 per share, 500,000 shares authorized; none issued Common stock, par value, \$0.01 per share, 125,000,000 shares authorized; 19,408,064 shares issued and outstanding, actual, 19,608,064 shares issued and outstanding, as	\$	\$
adjusted Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive loss	24,434	61,659
Total stockholders' equity	\$78,805	\$85,695
Total capitalization		\$85,695 ======

## SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the following selected consolidated financial data along with "Management's Discussion of Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our financial statements and notes to those statements and other financial information included or incorporated in this prospectus. This selected consolidated financial data for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 includes pro forma income tax adjustments that represent income taxes that would have been recorded if we had been a C corporation for those years. Net income, as adjusted for 1999, and diluted net income per common share, as adjusted for 1999, exclude the after tax effects of costs related to our acquisition of Fletcher Research Limited; presentation of these amounts is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The consolidated statement of income data for the years ended December 31, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999 has been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. The historical results presented below are not necessarily indicative of future results.

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,						
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999		
	(IN	THOUSANDS,	EXCEPT P	ER SHARE D	 АТА)		
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA: Revenues:							
Core research Advisory services and other	\$10,150 4,439	\$18,206 6,757	\$30,431 9,990	\$46,842 14,725	\$ 64,697 22,571		
Total revenues		24,963	40,421	61,567	87,268		
Operating expenses: Cost of services and fulfillment Selling and marketing General and administrative Depreciation and amortization Costs related to acquisition	5,486 5,643 1,389 287	8,762 8,992 2,509 618	13,698 14,248 4,500 1,209	22,038 20,896 6,688 2,763	27,715 31,131 9,865 4,003 694		
Total operating expenses	12,805	20,881	33,655	52,385	73,408		
Income from operations Other income, net	1,784 339	4,082 634	6,766 2,515	9,182 2,957	13,860 3,710		
Income before income tax provision Income tax provision	2,123 96	4,716 712	9,281 3,683	12,139 4,592	17,570 6,589		
Net income	2,027	4,004	\$ 5,598	\$ 7,547	\$ 10,981 =======		
Pro forma income tax adjustment	739	1,198					
Pro forma net income		\$ 2,806 ======					
Net income, as adjusted					\$ 11,622 =======		
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.17 ======	\$ 0.32 ======	\$ 0.34 ======	\$ 0.44 ======	\$ 0.61 ======		
Diluted net income per common share		\$ 0.31 ======	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.40 ======	\$ 0.55 ======		
Basic pro forma net income per common share		\$ 0.23 ======					
Diluted pro forma net income per common share		\$ 0.22 ======					
Diluted net income per common share, as adjusted					\$ 0.58		
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	12,000 ======	12,384 ======	16,679 ======	17,041 ======	18,028		
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	12,000 ======	12,852 ======	17,703	18,744 ======	20,067 ======		

	DECEMBER 31,					
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	
		(1	IN THOUSANI	DS)		
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA: Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities Working capital Deferred revenue Total assets Total stockholders' equity	\$   991 \$11,359 \$15,426	\$44,640 \$31,291 \$17,816 \$56,782 \$33,762	\$54,914 \$36,016 \$27,074 \$73,536 \$40,505	\$ 66,483 \$ 45,720 \$ 38,894 \$100,518 \$ 53,533	\$ 98,787 \$ 65,366 \$ 66,233 \$159,393 \$ 78,805	

# OVERVIEW

We are a leading independent Internet research firm that conducts research and analysis on the impact of the Internet and emerging technologies on business strategy, consumer behavior and society. Our clients, which include senior management, business strategists and marketing and technology professionals within large enterprises use our prescriptive, actionable research to understand and capitalize on the Internet and emerging business models and technologies.

We derive revenues from memberships to our core research and from our advisory services and Forum events. We offer contracts for our products and services that are typically renewable annually and payable in advance. Accordingly, a substantial portion of our billings are initially recorded as deferred revenue. Research revenues are recognized pro rata on a monthly basis over the term of the contract. Our advisory services clients purchase such services together with memberships to our research. Billings attributable to advisory services are initially recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue when performed. Similarly, Forum billings are initially recorded as deferred revenue and are recognized upon completion of each event.

Our operating expenses consist of cost of services and fulfillment, selling and marketing expenses, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization. Cost of services and fulfillment represent the costs associated with the production and delivery of our products and services, and include the costs of salaries, bonuses and related benefits for research personnel and all associated editorial, travel and support services. Selling and marketing expenses include salaries, employee benefits, travel expenses, promotional costs, sales commissions and other costs incurred in marketing and selling our products and services. General and administrative expenses include the costs of the operations, technology, finance and strategy groups and our other administrative functions.

We believe that the "agreement value" of contracts to purchase research and advisory services provides a significant measure of our business volume. We calculate agreement value as the total revenues recognizable from all research and advisory service contracts in force at a given time, without regard to how much revenue has already been recognized. Agreement value increased 68% to \$115.8 million at December 31, 1999 from \$69.1 million at December 31, 1998. No single client accounted for more than 2% of agreement value at December 31, 1999. Our experience is that a substantial portion of client companies renew expiring contracts for an equal or higher level of total research and advisory service fees each year. Approximately 74% and 75% of our client companies with memberships expiring during the years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively, renewed one or more memberships for our products and services. This renewal rate is not necessarily indicative of the rate of future retention of our revenue base.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth selected financial data as a percentage of total revenues for the periods indicated:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	1997	1998	1999
Core research Advisory services and other	75% 25	76% 24	74% 26
Total revenues Cost of services and fulfillment Selling and marketing General and administrative Depreciation and amortization Costs related to acquisition	100 34 35 11 3	100 36 34 11 4	100 32 36 11 4 1
Income from operations Other income, net	17 6	15 5	16 4
Income before income tax provision Provision for income taxes	23 9	20 8	20 7
Net income	14%	12%	13%

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998

REVENUES. Total revenues increased 42% to \$87.3 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$61.6 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. Revenues from core research increased 38% to \$64.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$46.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. Increases in total revenues and revenues from core research were primarily attributable to an increase in the number of client companies to 1,793 at December 31, 1999 from 1,271 at December 31, 1998, an increase in the sales organization to 153 employees at December 31, 1999 from 92 employees at December 31, 1998 and sales of additional core research to existing clients. No single client company accounted for more than 2% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 1999.

Advisory services and other revenues increased 53% to \$22.6 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$14.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. This increase was primarily attributable to increased demand for Forrester's advisory services programs and Forum events, an increase in the number of events held to eight in the year ended December 31, 1999 from six in the year ended December 31, 1998 and an increase in research staff providing advisory services to 125 employees at December 31, 1999 from 97 at December 31, 1998.

Revenues attributable to customers outside the United States increased 57% to \$19.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$12.6 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. Revenues attributable to customers outside the United States increased as a percentage of total revenues to 22% for the year ended December 31, 1999 from 21% for the year ended December 31, 1998. The increase in international revenues was primarily attributable to the continued expansion of our European headquarters in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, including an increase in sales personnel, and our acquisition of London-based Fletcher Research Limited on November 15, 1999. We invoice our international clients, other than clients billed by our subsidiary Fletcher Research Limited, in U.S. dollars.

COST OF SERVICES AND FULFILLMENT. Cost of services and fulfillment decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 32% in the year ended December 31, 1999 from 36% in the year ended December 31, 1998. These expenses increased 26% to \$27.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$22.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. The decrease in expenses as a percentage of revenues reflects a larger revenue base in 1999 and lower

production costs resulting from the introduction of our eResearch platform in February 1999. The expenses increase in 1999 was principally due to an increase in research analyst staffing and related compensation expenses.

SELLING AND MARKETING. Selling and marketing expenses increased as a percentage of total revenues to 36% in the year ended December 31, 1999 from 34% in the year ended December 31, 1998. These expenses increased 49% to \$31.1 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$20.9 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. The increase in expenses and the increase in expenses as a percentage of revenues were principally due to the increase in the number of direct sales personnel and related commission and travel expenses.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. General and administrative expenses remained constant as a percentage of total revenues at 11% in the years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998. These expenses increased 48% to \$9.9 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$6.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. The increase in expenses was principally due to staffing increases in our operations, technology, finance and strategy groups.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION. Depreciation and amortization expenses increased 45% to \$4.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$2.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. The increase in these expenses was principally due to purchases of computer equipment, software, office furnishings and leasehold improvements to support business growth, including our move to our new headquarters in October 1999.

COSTS RELATED TO ACQUISITION. Costs related to acquisition totaled \$694,000 and resulted from our acquisition of Fletcher Research Limited on November 15, 1999, which was accounted for as an immaterial pooling of interests. These one-time, non-recurring costs consisted of legal, accounting, investment banking, printing, filing and other related fees and expenses incurred in completing this acquisition.

OTHER INCOME, NET. Other income, consisting primarily of interest income, increased to \$3.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1999 from \$3.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. The increase was due to interest income from higher cash and marketable securities balances resulting from positive cash flows from operations.

INCOME TAX PROVISION. During the year ended December 31, 1999, we recorded a tax provision of \$6.6 million, reflecting an effective tax rate of 37.5%. During the year ended December 31, 1998, we recorded a tax provision of \$4.6 million reflecting an effective tax rate of 37.8%. The decrease in effective tax rate resulted from a reduction in our effective state tax rate and an increase in our investments in tax-exempt marketable securities, offset by non-deductible acquisition costs.

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND DECEMBER 31, 1997

REVENUES. Total revenues increased 52% to \$61.6 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$40.4 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. Revenues from core research increased 54% to \$46.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$30.4 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. Increases in total revenues and revenues from core research were primarily attributable to an increase in the number of client companies to 1,271 at December 31, 1998 from 1,029 at December 31, 1997, sales of additional research services to existing clients and the introduction of five new strategy research services and one new quantitative research service since January 1, 1997.

Advisory services and other revenues increased 47% to \$14.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$10.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. This increase was primarily attributable to demand for our advisory services and the addition of three new Forum events in 1998.

Revenues attributable to customers outside the United States increased 44% to \$12.6 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 and decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 21% for the year ended December 31, 1998 from 22% for the year ended December 31, 1997. The increase in international revenues was primarily due to our opening of our European headquarters in Amsterdam, the Netherlands in April 1998, and the addition of direct international sales personnel. During 1998, we invoiced our international clients in U.S. dollars.

Agreement value grew 48% to \$69.1 million at December 31, 1998 from \$46.6 million at December 31, 1997. No single client company accounted for more than 3% of agreement value at December 31, 1998 or 3% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 1998.

COST OF SERVICES AND FULFILLMENT. Cost of services and fulfillment increased as a percentage of total revenues to 36% in the year ended December 31, 1998 from 34% in the year ended December 31, 1997. These expenses increased 61% to \$22.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$13.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. The increase in expenses and expenses as a percentage of total revenues was principally due to increased analyst staffing for research services and related compensation expenses and the addition of three new Forum events in 1998.

SELLING AND MARKETING. Selling and marketing expenses decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 34% in the year ended December 31, 1998 from 35% in the year ended December 31, 1997. These expenses increased 47% to \$20.9 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$14.2 million in the year ended December 31, 1998. The increase in the year ended principally from the larger revenue base in 1998. The increase in expenses was principally due to the addition of direct salespersons and increased sales commission expenses associated with increased revenues.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. General and administrative expenses remained constant as a percentage of total revenues at 11% in the years ended December 31, 1998 and December 31, 1997. These expenses increased 49% to \$6.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$4.5 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. The increase in expenses was principally due to staffing increases and costs associated with the opening of our European headquarters.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION. Depreciation and amortization expense increased 129% to \$2.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$1.2 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. The increase in this expenses was principally due to investments in our technology infrastructure and costs associated with the opening of our European headquarters.

OTHER INCOME, NET. Other income, consisting primarily of interest income, increased to \$3.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1998 from \$2.5 million in the year ended December 31, 1997. This increase was due to interest income from higher cash and marketable securities balances resulting from positive cash flows from operations.

INCOME TAX PROVISION. During the year ended December 31, 1998, we recorded a tax provision of \$4.6 million, reflecting an effective tax rate of 37.8%. During the year ended December 31, 1997, we recorded a tax provision of \$3.7 million, reflecting an effective tax rate of 39.7%. The decrease in effective tax rate resulted from a reduction in our effective state tax rate and an increase in sales through our foreign sales corporation, which we organized in 1998.

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997 AND DECEMBER 31, 1996

REVENUES. Total revenues increased 62% to \$40.4 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$25.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1996. Revenues from core research increased 67% to \$30.4 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$18.2 million in the year ended December 31, 1996. Increases in total revenues and revenues from core research were primarily attributable to an increase in the number of client companies to 1,029 at December 31, 1997 from 885 at December 31, 1996 and the introduction of six new strateqy research services since January 1, 1996. Revenues from our quantitative research service were not material in 1997.

Advisory services and other revenues increased 48% to \$10.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$6.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1996. This increase was primarily attributable to demand for the partners and strategy review programs and the addition of two new Forum events in 1997.

Revenues attributable to customers outside the United States increased 66% to \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$5.3 million in the year ended December 31, 1996 and also increased as a percentage of total revenues to 22% for the year ended December 31, 1997 from 21% for the year ended December 31, 1996. These increases were due primarily to the addition of direct international sales personnel. During 1997, we invoiced our international clients in U.S. dollars.

Agreement value grew 55% to \$46.6 million at December 31, 1997 from \$30.0 million at December 31, 1996. No single client company accounted for more than 2% of agreement value at December 31, 1997 or 3% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 1997.

COST OF SERVICES AND FULFILLMENT. Cost of services and fulfillment decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 34% in the year ended December 31, 1997 from 35% in the year ended December 31, 1996. These expenses increased 56% to \$13.7 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$8.8 million in the year ended December 31, 1996. The expense increase in this period was principally due to increased analyst staffing for strategy research services and related compensation expenses. The decrease as a percentage of total revenues was principally due to the larger revenue base.

SELLING AND MARKETING. Selling and marketing expenses decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 35% in the year ended December 31, 1997 from 36% in the year ended December 31, 1996. These expenses increased 58% to \$14.2 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$9.0 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from the year ended December 31, 1996. The increase in expenses was principally due to the addition of direct salespersons and increased sales commission expenses associated with increased revenues. The decrease as a percentage of total revenues was principally due to increased productivity of our direct sales force.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. General and administrative expenses increased as a percentage of total revenues to 11% in the year ended December 31, 1997 from 10% in the year ended December 31, 1996. These expenses increased 79% to \$4.5 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$2.5 million in the year ended December 31, 1996. The increases in expenses and expenses as a percentage of total revenues were principally due to staffing increases in operations and technology, the addition of a human resources department and our investment in new internal technology, including new financial systems.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION. Depreciation and amortization expenses increased 95% to \$1.2 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$618,000 in the year ended December 31, 1996. The increase in these expenses was principally due to purchases of computer equipment, software, office furnishings and leasehold improvements to support business growth.

OTHER INCOME, NET. Other income, consisting primarily of interest income, increased to \$2.5 million in the year ended December 31, 1997 from \$634,000 in the year ended December 31, 1996. This increase resulted from our higher cash and marketable securities balances resulting from positive cash flows from operations and net proceeds from our initial public offering.

INCOME TAX PROVISION. During the year ended December 31, 1997, we recorded a tax provision of \$3.7 million, reflecting an effective tax rate of 39.7%. During the year ended December 31, 1996, we recorded a pro forma tax provision of \$1.9 million reflecting an effective tax rate of 40.5%. The decrease in effective tax rate resulted from a reduction in our effective state tax rate and an increase in our investments in tax-exempt marketable securities.

#### RESULTS OF QUARTERLY OPERATIONS

The following tables set forth a summary of our unaudited quarterly operating results for each of our eight most recently ended fiscal quarters. We have derived this information from our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, which, in the opinion of our management, have been prepared on a basis consistent with our financial statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus and include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles when read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. Historically, our total revenues, operating profit and net income in the fourth quarter have reflected the significant positive contribution of revenues attributable to advisory services performed and Forum events held in the fourth quarter. As a result, we have historically experienced a decline in total revenues, operating profit and net income from the quarter ended December 31 to the quarter ended March 31. Our quarterly operating results are not necessarily indicative of future results of operations.

	THREE MONTHS ENDED								
	MAR. 31, 1998	JUN. 30, 1998	SEP. 30, 1998	DEC. 31, 1998	MAR. 31, 1999	JUN. 30, 1999	SEP. 30, 1999	DEC. 31, 1999	
			(IN THOUS	ANDS, EXCEP	T PER SHARE	AMOUNTS)			
Core research Advisory services and other	\$10,469 2,662	\$11,202 3,841	\$12,354 2,716	\$12,816 5,506	\$12,978 4,951	\$14,773 4,898	\$17,026 4,955	\$19,919 7,768	
Total revenues Cost of services and fulfillment Selling and marketing General and administrative Depreciation and amortization Costs related to acquisition	13,131 4,829 4,766 1,557 531	15,043 5,782 5,078 1,642 648	15,070 5,212 5,194 1,647 760	18,322 6,215 5,857 1,843 824	17,929 6,612 6,192 2,041 873	19,671 6,424 7,276 2,213 1,048	21,981 6,909 7,854 2,504 973	27,687 7,770 9,809 3,107 1,109 694	
Income from operations Other income, net	1,448 715	1,893 715	2,257 765	3,583 762	2,211 860	2,710 895	3,741 864	5,198 1,092	
Income before income tax provision Income tax provision	2,163 821	2,608 991	3,022 1,148	4,345 1,631	3,071 1,167	3,605 1,370	4,605 1,750	6,290 2,302	
Net income	, , -	\$ 1,617	\$ 1,874	\$ 2,714	\$ 1,904	\$ 2,235	\$ 2,855	\$ 3,988	
Basic net income per common share	====== \$ 0.08 =======	====== \$ 0.10	====== \$ 0.11	======= \$ 0.16	======= \$ 0.11	======= \$ 0.13	======= \$ 0.16	====== \$ 0.21	
Diluted net income per common share		====== \$ 0.09 ======	====== \$ 0.10 ======	====== \$ 0.14 =======	====== \$ 0.10 =======	====== \$ 0.12 =======	====== \$ 0.14 =======	====== \$ 0.18 =======	

AS A PERCENTAGE 0	OF REVENUES	

	MAR. 31, 1998	JUN. 30, 1998	SEP. 30, 1998	DEC. 31, 1998	MAR. 31, 1999	JUN. 30, 1999	SEP. 30, 1999	DEC. 31, 1999
Core research Advisory services and other	80% 20	74% 26	82% 18	70% 30	72% 28	75% 25	77% 23	72% 28
Total revenues Cost of services and fulfillment Selling and marketing General and administrative Depreciation and amortization Costs related to acquisition	100 37 36 12 4	100 38 34 11 4	100 35 34 11 5	100 34 32 10 5	100 37 35 11 5	100 33 37 11 5	100 31 36 11 5	100 28 35 11 4 3
Income from operations Other income, net	11 5 	13 5 	 15 5 	20 4	12 5	14 4 	17 4	19 4
Income before income tax provision Income tax provision Net income	16 6  10%	18 7  11%	20 8  12%	24 9  15%	17 6  11%	18 7  11%	21 8  13%	23 9  14%

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have financed our operations through funds generated from operations. Memberships for research, which constituted approximately 74% of our revenues for the year ended December 31, 1999, are generally annually renewable and are payable in advance. We generated \$31.9 million and \$14.3 million in cash from operating activities during the years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. In 1999, we used \$39.1 million of cash in investing activities, consisting primarily of \$8.9 million for net purchases of property and equipment, \$1.0 million for a minority investment in an Internet-based marketing research firm and \$29.8 million for net purchases of marketable securities. We regularly invest excess funds in short- and intermediate-term interest-bearing obligations of investment grade.

We had \$13.4 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$85.3 million of marketable securities at December 31, 1999. We do not have a line of credit and do not anticipate the need for one in the foreseeable future. We plan to continue to introduce new products and services and to invest in our infrastructure over the next 12 months. We believe that our current cash and marketable securities balances and cash flows from operations will satisfy working capital, financing activities and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next two years.

## QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The following discussion about our market risk disclosures involves forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. We are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. We do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY. We maintain an investment portfolio consisting mainly of corporate obligations, federal agency obligations, state and municipal bonds and Treasury notes with a weighted-average maturity of less than one year. These held-to-maturity securities are subject to interest rate risk and will fall in value if market interest rates increase. If market interest rates were to increase immediately and uniformly by 10% from levels at December 31, 1999, the fair market value of these investments would decline by an immaterial amount. We have the ability to hold our fixed income investments until maturity. Therefore, we would not expect our operating results or cash flows to be affected to any significant degree by a sudden change in market interest rates on our securities portfolio. The following table provides information about our investment portfolio. For investment securities, the table presents principal cash flows and related weighted average interest rates by expected maturity dates.

Principal amounts by expected maturity in U.S. Dollars (in thousands except interest rates):

	FAIR VALUE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2000	YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2001	YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND THEREAFTER
Cash equivalents Weighted average interest rate Investments Weighted average interest rate Total portfolio	\$12,633 3.11% \$85,342 5.35% \$97,975	\$12,633 3.11% \$47,793 5.18% \$60,426	\$ -% \$26,284 5.95% \$26,284	\$ % \$11,265 4.66% \$11,265
Weighted average interest rate	\$97,975 5.06%	4.75%	\$20,284 5.95%	4.66%

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE. On a global level, we face exposure to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. This exposure may change over time as business practices evolve and could have a material adverse impact on our financial results. Historically, our primary exposure had been related to non-dollar-denominated operating expenses in Europe, Canada and Asia, where we sell primarily in U.S. dollars. The introduction of the Euro as a common currency for members of the European Monetary Union took place in our fiscal year 1999. We have not determined what impact, if any, the Euro will have on foreign exchange exposure. We are prepared to hedge against fluctuations the Euro will have on foreign exchange exposure if this exposure becomes material. As of December 31, 1999, the total assets related to non-dollar-denominated currencies was approximately \$2.6 million.

#### BUSINESS

# OVERVIEW

We are a leading independent Internet research firm that conducts research and analysis on the impact of the Internet and emerging technologies on business strategy, consumer behavior and society. We provide our clients with a comprehensive and integrated perspective on technology and business, which we call the Whole View of Internet commerce. Our Whole View approach helps companies evolve their business models and infrastructure to embrace broader on-line markets and to scale their Internet operations. We help our clients develop e-business strategies that use the Internet and other emerging technologies to win customers, identify new markets and gain competitive operational advantages. We target our products and services to large enterprises, Internet companies and technology vendors. Senior management, business strategists and marketing and technology professionals use our prescriptive, actionable research to understand and capitalize on the Internet and emerging business models and technologies.

In addition to analyzing the Internet, we also use Internet technologies as an integral part of our business. We have developed a technology platform that we call "Forrester eResearch" which allows us to conduct, design, sell and deliver our research over the Internet in a format specifically developed to maximize its impact and effectiveness. Our eResearch platform enhances our research data and content quality and provides our clients with instant access to our research, on-line tools and presentations and interactive services.

We offer our clients annual memberships which provide access to our research on specific business issues and technology topics. These issues and topics include the impact that the application of the Internet and emerging technologies may have on business models, operational strategy, financial results, investment priorities, organizational effectiveness and staffing requirements. We also provide advisory services to clients that explore in greater detail the issues and topics covered by our research. We host Forum events, conferences devoted to critical business and technology issues, which bring our clients and major technology and business leaders together to discuss the impact of technology change on business. Additionally, we offer our clients bit products that consist of research that is collected, analyzed and sold directly on the Internet.

## INDUSTRY BACKGROUND

Internet commerce and emerging technologies continue to rapidly transform businesses. The rise of both new business models and consumers who are empowered by the Internet requires companies to adapt their pricing, distribution, sales channels and supply chains to remain competitive. Decisions about how to develop e-commerce strategies, how to leverage new media for advertising and marketing and how to capitalize on e-business technologies have become increasingly complex, requiring participation from corporate leaders, line-of-business managers, marketing executives and technology professionals. Together, these individuals must work to reduce and even eliminate the traditional separations between marketing, business strategy and technology to reach new markets, gain competitive advantage and develop high customer service and loyalty levels. Developing a comprehensive and coordinated e-business strategy is difficult because as technology change accelerates, consumers and businesses adopt new methods of buying and selling and markets grow increasingly dynamic.

Consequently, demand is growing for external sources of expertise that provide independent business advice spanning a variety of areas including Internet commerce, e-business technologies and consumer behavior. We believe there is a need for objective research which is thematic, prescriptive and actionable and which provides a comprehensive perspective on the integrated use of technology in business.

#### FORRESTER'S SOLUTION

We believe that our Internet business and technology expertise enables us to offer our clients the best available research on Internet commerce and emerging business models and technologies. Our solution provides our clients with:

THE WHOLE VIEW OF INTERNET COMMERCE. We provide our clients with a comprehensive and integrated perspective on emerging technologies and business, which we call the Whole View of Internet commerce. Our approach helps guide our clients in the evolution of their business models and infrastructure. We deliver the Whole View by organizing our research into lenses -- focused selections of our research addressing various business issues and technology topics -- within our three coverage areas: Internet Commerce, eBusiness Technology and Technographics Data & Analysis.

TOOLS TO DEVELOP EBUSINESS STRATEGIES. Our research and advisory services analyze technology and its relation to, and impact on, evolving markets and business issues. This enables our clients to:

- assess potential new markets, competitors, products and services;
- anticipate technology-driven business model shifts;
- understand how the Internet and other emerging technologies can improve business processes;
- educate and inform strategic decision makers in their organizations; and
- capitalize on emerging technologies.

EXPERTISE ON THE INTERNET AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES. We started our business in 1983 and have a long history of and extensive experience in identifying emerging technology trends and providing research and actionable advice on the impact of technology on business. This history and experience allowed us early on to identify and analyze the impact that the Internet would have on businesses, consumers and society, and to launch our first Internet-focused research efforts in 1993. Our research analysts have many years of industry experience, are frequent speakers at business and technology conferences and symposiums, and are frequently quoted in the press and other publications. They enjoy direct access to the leaders and decision-makers within large enterprises, Internet companies and technology vendors. We provide our research analysts with rigorous training to ensure that they have the skills to challenge conventional viewpoints and provide prescriptive, actionable insight and research to achieve our key values.

INTERNET-BASED, ACTIONABLE ERESEARCH THAT ACCELERATES DECISION-MAKING. Our eResearch platform, specifically developed for electronic distribution and use over the Internet, increases the relevancy, timeliness and usefulness of our research. We distill the abundance of information, developments and data into concise and easy-to-read formats to facilitate rapid decision-making. Our web site offers advanced personalization features, downloadable data and graphics and intuitive navigation and search features which provide clients with the access and flexibility to accelerate deployment of our ideas and analysis.

TIMELY INSIGHTS INTO CHANGING CONSUMER BEHAVIOR. Our Technographics Data & Analysis coverage area and several of our bit products provide primary data, quantitative research and prescriptive advice to help our clients understand consumers' attitudes, abilities and motivations regarding the Internet and technology. We annually interview more than 150,000 households in North America and Europe. Our clients use our Technographics research to assess specific consumer segment behavior, identify emerging consumer trends and adapt their business strategies accordingly.

#### FORRESTER'S STRATEGY

We seek to maintain and enhance our position as a leading Internet research firm and to capitalize on the growing demand for our research by:

IDENTIFYING AND DEFINING NEW INTERNET BUSINESS MODELS, TECHNOLOGIES AND MARKETS. We seek to position ourselves ahead of other research firms by delivering strategic research and analysis on the impact of the Internet and other new and emerging technologies on business models and technology infrastructure. We believe that our research methodology and our creative culture allow us to identify and analyze rapid shifts in the use of the Internet and other emerging technologies before these changes appear on the horizons of most users, vendors and other research firms. Our early identification of these shifts enables us to offer research and introduce new products and services that help our clients capitalize on the Internet and emerging business models.

LEVERAGING ERESEARCH. Our focus on sales of research that is produced for and delivered on the Internet allows us to provide value to our clients and increase our revenues. Our business model, eResearch technology platform and research methodology allow us to increase sales of existing products and to rapidly introduce new products and services without incurring significant incremental costs. We intend to continue to use the Internet to both increase sales of our research and introduce innovative products.

EXPANDING MULTIPLE SALES CHANNELS. We plan to continue to expand our direct sales force and to develop new methods to sell directly from our web site and through new on-line affiliates and intermediaries. We sell our products and services through our headquarters in Cambridge, Massachusetts, our European headquarters in Amsterdam, the Netherlands and our office in London. We are also in the process of opening remote sales offices in New York, Chicago and San Francisco. Our direct sales force increased 66% from 92 on December 31, 1998 to 153 on December 31, 1999. As we continue to expand our direct sales force we seek to increase the average sales volume per sales representative, lengthen the average tenure of our sales representatives and sales management and shorten our sales cycle through marketing initiatives. In 1999, we introduced Baseline Research for Internet Entrepreneurs and the Baseline Affiliates Program to sell our research to the emerging market for Internet entrepreneurs through our web site and other affiliate web sites.

GROWING OUR CLIENT BASE WORLDWIDE AND INCREASING SALES TO EXISTING CLIENTS. We believe that our products and services can continue to be successfully marketed and sold to new client companies worldwide and to new organizations within existing client companies. We believe that within our client base of 1,793 clients, there is ample opportunity to sell additional products and services. In addition, we intend to continue expanding our international presence as the growing use of the Internet and the need for e-business strategies increase the demand for external sources of objective research.

ATTRACTING AND RETAINING OUTSTANDING RESEARCH PROFESSIONALS. The knowledge and experience of our analysts are critical elements of our ability to provide high-quality products and services. Through our on-going recruiting efforts, we seek to hire outstanding research professionals from varied backgrounds and a wide range of industries. We believe that our culture, which emphasizes excellence, cooperation and creativity and fosters a dedication to quality research, helps us to attract and retain high-caliber research professionals. We provide a competitive compensation structure and recognition and rewards for excellent individual and team performance.

OPTIMIZING THE USE OF NEW TECHNOLOGY. Our eResearch platform allows us to conduct, design, sell and deliver our research over the Internet. Through this platform we can:

- create Internet-based products that we sell on-line;
- create research tools that allow us to perform research on the Internet;
- conduct direct marketing campaigns;
- improve sales leads fulfillment;
- create links to on-line affiliates; and
- accelerate the production of our research.

We intend to continue to use emerging technologies to improve the reach and quality of our research.

## PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

We offer annually renewable memberships which provide our clients access to research in the following coverage areas:

- INTERNET COMMERCE. Addresses the challenges of leveraging the Internet for sales, trade, marketing and content delivery.
- eBUSINESS TECHNOLOGY. Analyzes the strategic and organizational issues related to developing and managing technology infrastructures, products and applications.
- TECHNOGRAPHICS DATA & ANALYSIS. Delivers both primary data and quantitative research based on surveys of over 150,000 North American and European households analyzed and categorized into relevant market segments to help organizations capitalize on changing consumer behavior.

In addition, we offer the following products and services:

- BIT PRODUCTS. Consist of research that is collected, analyzed and sold directly on the Internet.
- ADVISORY SERVICES. Provide our clients with a proactive relationship with our analysts to develop strategies for specific corporate goals.
- FORUM EVENTS. Provide one or two-day conferences for our clients with major technology and business leaders devoted to leading technology issues.

We work with each client to design a portfolio of relevant research lenses, advisory services and Forum seats to address its specific business objectives.

#### RESEARCH

Each of our coverage areas -- Internet Commerce, eBusiness Technology and Technographics Data & Analysis -- includes research lenses that focus on research relevant to specific business issues and topics. Within each coverage area we offer three different levels of lenses:

- a Comprehensive lens which contains all of the research within a particular coverage area;
- Industry/Infrastructure lenses which provide research that is focused on a specific vertical market or a discrete element of technology infrastructure; and
- Issue-Specific lenses which address specific research on particular business or technology topics.

COMPREHENSIVE LENSES	INTERNET COMMERCE	eBUSINESS TECHNOLOGY	TECHNOGRAPHICS DATA & ANALYSIS
INDUSTRY/INFRASTRUCTURE- FOCUSED LENSES	Business Trade On-line Healthcare Online	Applications, Development, & Data	Technographics Consumer Technology
	New Media	Computing, Networks & Communications	Technographics Europe
	On-line Financial Services	IT Leadership	Technographics Personal Finance
	On-line Retail		Technographics Retail & Media
			Technographics Travel Technographics Young Consumer
ISSUE-SPECIFIC LENSES	Branding & Advertising On-line Commerce Technology Consumer Technology European Internet Commerce Future of Customer Service Future of TV & Entertainment	European Corporate Technologies Future of Public Networks IT Organizations & Budgets Supply Chain Technology Technology Services & Outsourcing	Technographics Benchmark Research

Site Design & Management

Each client that purchases research in the Internet Commerce and eBusiness Technology coverage areas receives a combination of the following:

- Forrester reports that deliver a concise, forward-looking analysis of a significant technology topic and
- Forrester briefs that offer succinct, timely examinations of current industry developments written as events demand.

Clients who purchase Comprehensive lenses receive approximately 100 reports and 150 briefs; Industry/Infrastructure lens clients receive approximately 50 reports and 75 briefs; and Issue-Specific lens clients receive approximately 20 reports and 40 briefs.

Each client that purchases research in the Technographics  $\mbox{Data \& Analysis}$  Coverage Area receives a combination of:

- Forrester reports, PowerPoint presentations, briefs and workshops;
- relevant data sorted through our segmentation model;
- dedicated staff to help apply the quantitative data to specific client projects; and
- access to a network of leading market research, media measurement and direct marketing organizations.

Comprehensive lens clients receive 14 reports, Industry/Infrastructure lens clients receive four reports and Issue-Specific lens clients receive one report.

# BIT PRODUCTS

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Our bit products consist of research that is collected, analyzed and sold directly on the Internet. Our bit products allow us to use the Internet as both an active, real-time, research tool and a direct sales and distribution channel. We use these products to provide clients with timely information, to collect data at a low cost and to quickly access new markets that we previously did not reach with our direct sales channel. We currently offer the following bit products:

- THE eBUSINESS VOYAGE -- an on-line tool that allows businesses to assess their responses to the Internet and Internet technologies using a variety of metrics and permits them to benchmark their e-business development strategies against their peers and competitors.
- POWERRANKINGS -- an on-line ranking of business web sites. We create our PowerRankings using on-line consumer surveys and unbiased expert analysis. PowerRankings provide objective research to help consumers choose leading Internet sites in different industries such as brokerage, toys and apparel and provide e-commerce vendors with an independent assessment of their efforts in the market.
- BASELINE RESEARCH -- concise packages of research sold directly on our web site and through a network of affiliated web sites. This research offers small business executives, independent consultants and developers access to a limited group of research reports focused on a particular topic within a research lens.
- INTERNET ADWATCH -- an interactive tracking tool that enables advertisers and publishers in the United Kingdom to monitor on-line advertising campaigns and spending. The service records advertising on hundreds of web sites. We combine this data with advertising rates, traffic information and submissions from the sites to estimate advertising spending levels.
- INTERNET USER MONITOR -- an on-line survey of Internet users collected by placing "pop-up" questionnaires on major commercial web sites in the United Kingdom. This data is then cross-referenced with face-to-face consumer interviews to provide data on web users' attitudes and behaviors. In 1999, the Internet User Monitor surveyed approximately 100,000 users on-line.

# ADVISORY SERVICES

Our advisory services provide a number of ways for our clients to interact directly with our analysts. These services leverage our research expertise to address clients' long-term planning issues and align our research and insight with clients' specific goals. Our advisory service programs include:

- Partners Program
- eBusiness Review Program
- Web Site Review Program
- Strategy Workshops
- Speeches

In addition to research lenses, clients purchasing a membership to a Partners Program or an eBusiness Review Program engage in regular, structured interactions with our analysts. These interactions may include advisory days which consist of full day interactions with one or more of our analysts, advisory calls which consist of two-hour phone conversations with our analysts, and strategy workshops which allow clients to meet with both peer executives and Forrester analysts. These clients also are assigned a navigator -- a proactive research liaison who maintains an understanding of the client's business objectives.

Clients who join the Web Site Review Program receive targeted, action-oriented assessments of their corporate web site and its role in their company's on-line strategies. Our strategy workshops are full day presentations and interactive exercises that focus on particular business and technology issues. Recent workshops have included: Building Internet Customer Service, Making Deals with Portals, The Future of Interactive Media, and Business Trade and the Impact of New Channel Relationships. In addition, our clients may join our research inquiry network, a

# FORUM EVENTS

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We also host Forum events in various locations throughout the year. These Forums bring together senior executives for a one or two-day conference to network with their peers and hear leaders from the technology industry and other business sectors discuss the impact of technology change on business. We intend to host the following Forum events in 2000:

# UNITED STATES

EUROPE

Business to Business Technology Leadership Forum Finance & Technology Forum Retail & Marketing Forum Executive Strategy Forum Healthcare Forum Executive Strategy Forum Retail & Marketing Forum Interactive Channels Retail Online Personal Finance Online Media Online

## PRICING AND CONTRACT SIZE

The prices for contracts that include only research are a function of the number of lenses purchased and the number of research recipients within the client organization. The average contract for annual memberships for research only at December 31, 1999 was approximately \$41,700, an increase of 41% from \$29,500 at December 31, 1998. The prices for contracts that include research and advisory services are also a function of the number of lenses purchased, the number of research recipients within the client organization and the amount and type of advisory services. All memberships to our advisory services include research. The average contract for an annual membership for our level one Partners Program at December 31, 1998. The average contract for an annual membership \$148,800, an increase of 20% from \$124,200 at December 31, 1998. The average contract for an annual membership for our level two Partners Program at December 31, 1999 was approximately \$41,900 at December 31, 1998.

We believe that the agreement value of contracts to purchase research and advisory services provides a significant measure of our business volume. We calculate agreement value as the total revenues recognizable from all research and advisory service contracts in force at a given time without regard to how much revenue has already been recognized. Agreement value grew 68% to \$115.8 million at December 31, 1999 from \$69.1 million at December 31, 1998.

# RESEARCH ANALYSTS AND METHODOLOGY

We employ a structured methodology in our research which enables us to identify and analyze emerging technology trends, markets and audiences and ensures consistent research quality and recommendations across all research lenses. Our research provides consistent research themes and comprehensive coverage of Internet and emerging technology issues across our coverage areas.

Our research process subjects initial ideas to research, analysis and rigorous validation, and produces conclusions, predictions and recommendations. In the Internet Commerce and eBusiness Technology coverage areas, we use the following primary research methods:

- confidential interviews with early adopters of new technology, technology vendors and users and consumers;
- regular briefings with vendors to review current positions and future directions; and
- input from clients and third parties gathered during advisory sessions.

In the Technographics Data & Analysis coverage area, we combine our qualitative research methodology with traditional survey research methodologies such as correlations, frequencies, cross-tabulations and multi-variant statistics to produce research reports, quantitative survey data and data insights. We use a third-party data vendor for data collection and tabulation.

Our research begins with discussion sessions with analysts where they generate ideas for research. Analysts test ideas throughout the research report process at informal and weekly research meetings. Our reports are consistent in format and we require our analysts to write research reports in a structure that combines graphics and easy-to-read text to deliver concise, decisive and objective research to our clients. At the final stage of the research process, senior analysts meet to test the conclusions of each research report. An analyst who has not been involved in the creation of a particular report reviews the report to ensure quality, clarity and readability. All research is reviewed and graded by senior research management.

# SALES AND MARKETING

Our sales force is located primarily at our headquarters in Cambridge, Massachusetts, our European headquarters in Amsterdam, the Netherlands and our London office. We have made a substantial investment in our direct sales force to better serve clients and address additional markets. We employed 153 sales representatives as of December 31, 1999, an increase of 66% from 92 as of December 31, 1998. Our direct sales force consists of:

- account managers who are responsible for maintaining and leveraging the current client base by renewing and selling additional products and services to existing clients;
- account executives who develop new business in assigned territories;
- regional sales directors who focus on high-level client contact and service; and
- telesales representatives who operate out of our headquarters in Cambridge.

We also sell our research products directly on-line through our web site and through a network of affiliate web sites that are authorized to sell limited portions of our research on-line. We also use eight local independent sales representatives to market and sell our products and services internationally in Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Italy, Korea, Portugal, South Africa and Spain.

Our marketing efforts are designed to increase awareness of the Forrester brand and further our reputation as a leader in Internet and emerging technologies research. We actively promote brand awareness through our web site, Forum events, extensive worldwide press relations, and, direct mail campaigns. We also employ an integrated direct marketing strategy that uses Internet, mail and telephone channels for identifying and attracting high-quality sales leads. We encourage our analysts to increase our visibility by having their research ideas selectively distributed through various Internet, print and television outlets.

As of December 31, 1999, our research was delivered to 1,793 client companies. As of December 31, 1999, our client companies included 18% of the companies in the annual Global 2500, which we define as the 1,000 largest United States public companies as listed in Fortune Magazine, the 500 largest private companies as listed in Forbes Magazine and the 1,000 largest international companies as listed in The Financial Times. No single client company accounted for over 2% of our revenues for the year ended December 31, 1999.

#### COMPETITION

We believe that the principal competitive factors in our industry include the following:

- independence from vendors and clients;
- quality of research and analysis;

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- timely delivery of information;
- the ability to leverage new technologies;
- the ability to offer products that meet the changing needs of organizations for research and analysis;
- customer service; and
- price.

We believe that we compete favorably with respect to each of these factors. We believe that our early focus on eBusiness strategies and the Internet is a significant competitive advantage. Additionally, we believe that our advanced eResearch technology platform, our Whole View research approach, and easy-to-read research format distinguish us from our competitors.

We compete in the market for research on and about the Internet. Our principal direct competitors include other independent providers of similar services as well as Internet and digital media measurement services. In addition, our indirect competitors include the internal planning and marketing staffs of our current and prospective clients, as well as other information providers such as electronic and print publishing companies, survey-based general market research firms and general business consulting firms. Our indirect competitors could choose to compete directly against us in the future. In addition, there are relatively few barriers to entry into our market and new competitors could readily seek to compete against us in one or more market segments addressed by our research. Increased competition could adversely affect our operating results through pricing pressure and loss of market share. There can be no assurance that we will be able to continue to compete successfully against existing or new competitors.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As of December 31, 1999, we employed a total of 446 persons, including 133 research staff, 212 sales and marketing personnel and 101 operations personnel.

Our culture emphasizes certain key values -- client service, quality and creativity -- that we believe are critical to our future growth. We promote these values through rigorous training and frequent recognition for achievement. We encourage teamwork and promote individuals who foster these values. Each new employee that we hire undergoes a week-long training process. This training includes presentations by our executives which focus on our corporate goals and workshops and provides individuals with the skills necessary to achieve our key values.

All members of our research staff participate in our incentive compensation bonus plan. Their performance is measured against individual and team goals to determine an eligible bonus that is funded by our overall performance against key business objectives. Individual and team goals include on-time delivery of high-quality research and advisory services support to clients. In addition, analysts, research directors and research management are eligible to receive equity awards under our incentive stock option plan.

All of our direct sales representatives participate in our annual commission plan. Under this plan, we pay commissions monthly to sales personnel based upon attainment of net bookings against established quotas. In addition, all account managers, account executives, regional managers, and regional directors are eligible to participate in our incentive stock option plan based on performance.

# LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not a party to any material legal proceedings.



#### MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth information about our directors and executive officers as of February 22, 2000.

NAME	AGE	POSITION
George F. Colony	46	Chairman of the Board, President, and Chief Executive
Richard C. Belanger	35	Chief Technology Officer
Joel Blenner	56	Vice President, World Wide Sales
William M. Bluestein, Ph.D	42	Vice President, Corporate Strategy and Development
John W. Boynton	34	Vice President, Business Development
Stanley Dolberg	50	Vice President, Research
Emily Nagle Green	42	Managing Director, Forrester Research B.V.
Mary A. Modahl	37	Vice President, Research
Timothy M. Riley	48	Vice President, Strategic Growth
Susan M. Whirty	42	Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Operations and General Counsel
Henk W. Broeders	47	Director
Robert M. Galford	46	Director
George R. Hornig	45	Director
Michael H. Welles	45	Director

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GEORGE F. COLONY, Forrester's founder, has served as President and Chief Executive Officer since its inception in July 1983.

RICHARD C. BELANGER became Forrester's Chief Technology Officer in May 1998. Prior to joining Forrester, from 1996 to 1998, Mr. Belanger served as Vice President of Interactive Media and Vice President of Technology for Mainspring Communications, an Internet strategy research consulting firm. He was Vice President of Technology at Information Access Company, an on-line information provider, from 1995 to 1996, and Vice President of Information Services at Information Access Center, formerly Ziff-Davis Technical Information Company, from 1992 to 1995.

JOEL BLENNER became Forrester's Vice President, World Wide Sales in April 1999. Prior to joining Forrester, Mr. Blenner was Vice President of Sales at MicroTouch Systems, a supplier of touch and pen sensitive input screens, from 1996 to 1999 and Vice President of North American Sales at Corporate Software, a reseller of software and services for personal computers, from 1989 to 1992.

WILLIAM M. BLUESTEIN, Ph.D., currently serves as Vice President, Corporate Strategy and Development. He was previously Forrester's Group Director, New Media Research from 1995 to 1997, Director and Senior Analyst with Forrester's People & Technology Strategies from 1994 to 1995 and Director and Senior Analyst with Forrester's Computing Strategies from 1990 to 1993.

JOHN W. BOYNTON currently serves as Vice President, Business Development. He was Director, Business Development in 1997. Prior to joining Forrester, Mr. Boynton was a Senior Associate with Mercer Management Consulting, a global strategy consulting firm from 1995 to 1997, and Co-founder and President of CompTek International, Inc., a networking and telecommunications products and services distributor based in the former Soviet Union, from 1990 to 1995.

STANLEY DOLBERG currently serves as Forrester's Vice President, Research. Mr. Dolberg was previously our Group Director for the business-to-business strategy research group and Director of Commerce Technology Strategies from 1998 to 1999. He was also the Director of Software from 1996 to 1998 and a Senior Analyst for the Software Team from 1995 to 1996.

EMILY NAGLE GREEN became Forrester's Managing Director, Forrester Research B.V. in January 1998. She was previously Director, People & Technology Strategies, from 1996 to 1998. Prior to joining Forrester, Ms. Green was Vice President of Marketing and Sales at Point of View, Inc., a video technology training firm, from 1994 to 1995, and Vice President of Strategic Marketing for ADC Fibermux, a computer networking hardware manufacturer, from 1991 to 1994.

MARY A. MODAHL currently serves as Vice President, Research. She was previously Vice President, New Media Research from 1997 to 1998, Group Director, New Media Research, from 1995 to 1997, Director and Senior Analyst with Forrester's People & Technology Strategies from 1994 to 1995 and Senior Analyst with Forrester's Computing Strategies from 1993 to 1994.

TIMOTHY M. RILEY became Forrester's Vice President, Strategic Growth in 1997. Prior to joining Forrester, Mr. Riley served as the Vice President of Human Resources at Renaissance Solutions, a strategy and knowledge management consulting firm, from 1993 to 1997. Mr. Riley served as Director of Human Resources at Bolt Beranek and Newman, a technology research and development company, from 1987 to 1993.

SUSAN M. WHIRTY, Esq. is currently Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Operations, and General Counsel. Ms. Whirty has served as Forrester's Chief Financial Officer since May 1998. She was previously Vice President, Operations and General Counsel from 1997 to 1998, and Director, Operations and General Counsel from 1993 to 1997.

HENK W. BROEDERS became a director of Forrester in May 1998 when he was elected at last year's Annual Meeting. Mr. Broeders is currently an Executive Director of Cap Gemini N.V., a management consulting firm located in the Netherlands. From 1992 to 1998, Mr. Broeders was General Manager of IQUIP Informatica B.V., a software company in the Netherlands.

ROBERT M. GALFORD became a director of Forrester in November 1996. Mr. Galford is currently the Executive Vice President and Chief People Officer at Digitas, Inc., an Internet professional services firm. From 1994 to 1999 he consulted to professional services firms and taught in the Executive Programs at the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University and Columbia University's Graduate School of Business. Before joining Columbia's Executive Programs, he taught at Boston University from 1993 to 1994. Prior to his work in executive education, Mr. Galford was Vice President of the MAC Group from 1986 to 1991 and its successor firm, Gemini Consulting, from 1991 to 1994.

GEORGE R. HORNIG became a director of Forrester in November 1996. Mr. Hornig is currently Managing Director at Credit Suisse First Boston, an investment banking firm. He was an Executive Vice President of Deutsche Bank Americas Holding Corporation, a diversified financial services holding company, and several of its affiliated entities, from 1993 to 1998. He is also Director of Unity Mutual Life Insurance Company, SL Industries, Inc. and U.S. Timberlands Company, L.P.

MICHAEL H. WELLES became a director of Forrester in November 1996. Mr. Welles has been Vice President of News Operations for NewsEdge Corporation since February 1998. He previously served as Vice President of Engineering at Individual, Inc. from May 1997 to February 1998, General Manager, Next Generation Products for Lotus Development Corporation from 1994 to 1997 and General Manager of Lotus Improv development team from 1991 to 1994.

# SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information about the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each of the selling stockholders as of February 18, 2000. Each of the selling stockholders is an employee or director of Forrester. The "Options" columns reflect shares of our common stock subject to options currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days after February 18, 2000, which are deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of ownership of the person holding the options, but are not deemed to be outstanding for computing the percentage of ownership of any other person.

Each of the stockholders has sole voting and investment power over the shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned. The address for Mr. Colony is c/o Forrester Research, Inc., 400 Technology Square, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139.

	SHARES BENEFICIALLY OWNED BEFORE THE OFFERING				SHARES BENEFICIALLY OWNED AFTER THE OFFERING			
	NUMBER			NUMBER OF	PERCENT OF	NUMBER		
SELLING STOCKHOLDER	SHARES	OPTIONS	PERCENT	SHARES BEING OFFERED	HOLDINGS BEING OFFERED(1)	SHARES	OPTIONS	PERCENT
George F. Colony(2)	11,381,646	12,000	58.14%	2,000,000	17.55%	9,164,448	12,000	45.79%
Neil Bradford	401,704	0	2.05%	80,000	17.07%	321,704	0	1.61%
William Reeve	401,704	0	2.05%	70,000	14.94%	331,704	0	1.66%
Mary A. Modahl	66,610	210,652	1.40%	100,000	18.25%	66,610	110,652	*
William M. Bluestein Ph.D	39,870	210,292	1.26%	100,000	19.20%	17,068	133,094	*
Susan M. Whirty	2,870	130,546	*	40,000	10.60%	2,870	90,546	*
Emily Nagle Green	7,000	83,360	*	40,000	14.50%	Θ	50,360	*
Robert Dowson	Θ	89,258	*	22,000	14.09%	Θ	67,258	*
Joel Blenner	Θ	75,066	*	75,000	35.95%	Θ	66	*
John W. Boynton	11,436	44,032	*	4,000	3.26%	11,436	40,032	*
Stanley Dolberg	0	52,640	*	40,000	14.34%	0	12,640	*
Timothy M. Riley	Θ	44,272	*	40,000	22.02%	Θ	4,272	*
Richard C. Belanger	Θ	26,012	*	24,000	11.43%	Θ	2,012	*
Robert M. Galford	2,400	11,998	*	8,000	26.32%	2,400	3,998	*

\* Less than 1%.

- (1) These percentages are calculated using all shares and options, whether or not exercisable within 60 days after February 18, 2000, held by the selling stockholder.
- (2) Includes 790 shares held by Mr. Colony's wife as to which he disclaims beneficial ownership. Shares beneficially owned by Mr. Colony before the offering includes 696,553 shares which are subject to options granted by Mr. Colony to six key employees. Mr. Colony's percentage of holdings being offered and shares beneficially owned after the offering assume that options for 217,198 of these shares have been exercised.

#### DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

Our authorized capital stock consists of 125,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, and 500,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share. As of December 31, 1999, 19,408,064 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock were outstanding. The number of outstanding shares has been adjusted to reflect the two-for-one stock split effected as a 100% stock dividend on February 7, 2000.

The following summary of our securities and provisions of our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws is not intended to be complete and is qualified by reference to the provisions of applicable law and to our certificate of incorporation and bylaws.

## COMMON STOCK

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of the stockholders, including the election of directors. They do not have cumulative voting rights. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding series of preferred stock, holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in any dividends that may be declared by the board of directors out of legally available funds therefor. Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Forrester, the holders of common stock will be entitled to share ratably in the net assets legally available for distribution to shareholders, in each case after payment of all of our liabilities and subject to preferences that may be applicable to any series of preferred stock then outstanding. Holders of common stock have no preemptive or conversion rights or other subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. The outstanding shares of common stock are, and the shares to be issued by us in the offering will be, when issued and paid for, fully paid and nonassessable. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of common stock are subject to the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock that we may designate and issue in the future.

## PREFERRED STOCK

Our board of directors has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue from time to time, shares of preferred stock in one or more series. The board of directors may fix the number of shares, designations, preferences, powers and other special rights of the preferred stock. The preferences, powers, rights and restrictions of different series of preferred stock may differ. The issuance of preferred stock could decrease the amount of earnings and assets available for distribution to holders of common stock or affect adversely the rights and powers, including voting rights, of the holders of common stock. The issuance may also have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of Forrester, regardless of whether the transaction may be beneficial to stockholders. We have no current plans to issue any shares of preferred stock.

# REGISTRATION RIGHTS

We have entered into a registration rights agreement with Mr. Colony. Under this agreement, Mr. Colony is entitled to include shares of Forrester that he holds in any registration of shares by us for our own account or for the account of another person, subject to certain exceptions. Mr. Colony may also require us to register shares that he holds having a fair market value of at least \$5 million pursuant to this agreement, except that we are not required to effect such registration more than twice or at certain times described in the agreement. We are required to pay all expenses incurred in connection with any such registration. We have also entered into a

registration rights agreement with Neil Bradford and William Reeve in connection with our acquisition of Fletcher Research Limited which requires us to register a portion of their shares of common stock and to keep this registration statement effective until November 2000. After the offering and the expiration of the lock-up agreement with the underwriters, 50,852 shares of common stock held by them will be eligible for resale under this registration statement.

## DELAWARE LAW AND CERTAIN CHARTER AND BY-LAW PROVISIONS

Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of Delaware, an antitakeover law prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. A "business combination" includes mergers, asset sales and other transactions resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Subject to some exceptions, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or within three years did own, 15% or more of the corporation's voting stock. Our certificate of incorporation provides that we are not subject to the provisions of Section 203.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide for the division of our board of directors into three classes as nearly equal in size as possible with staggered three-year terms. In addition, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that directors may be removed only for cause by the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of our capital stock entitled to vote. Under our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, any vacancy on the board of directors, however occurring, including a vacancy resulting from an enlargement of the board, may only be filled by vote of a majority of the directors then in office. The classification of our board of directors and the limitations on the removal of directors and filling of vacancies could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring, control of Forrester.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws also provide that any action required or permitted to be taken by our stockholders at an annual meeting or special meeting of stockholders may only be taken if it is properly brought before such meeting and may not be taken by written action in lieu of a meeting. Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws further provide that special meetings of the stockholders may only be called by the chairman of the board of directors, the chief executive officer or, if none, the president or by the board of directors. Under our bylaws, in order for any matter to be considered "properly brought" before a meeting, a stockholder must comply with requirements regarding advance notice to us. The foregoing provisions could have the effect of delaying until the next stockholders' meeting stockholder actions which are favored by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities. These provisions may also discourage another person from making a tender offer for our common stock, because even if such person acquired a majority of our outstanding voting securities it would be able to take action as a stockholder, such as electing new directors or approving a merger, only at a duly called stockholders' meeting, and not by written consent.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws require the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 75% of the shares of our capital stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote to amend or repeal any of the provisions described in the prior two paragraphs.

# LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Our certificate of incorporation contains provisions:

 eliminating a director's liability to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for a breach of fiduciary duty, except in circumstances involving certain wrongful acts, such as the breach of a director's duty of loyalty or acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; and

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  - obligating us to indemnify our officers and directors to the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of Delaware.

We believe that these provisions will assist us in attracting and retaining qualified individuals to serve as directors.

STOCK TRANSFER AGENT

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Boston EquiServe, LP.

#### UNDERWRITING

Forrester, the selling stockholders and the underwriters for the offering named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the shares being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of shares indicated in the following table. Goldman, Sachs & Co., Adams, Harkness & Hill, Inc., Thomas Weisel Partners LLC, FAC/Equities, a division of First Albany Corporation and William Blair & Company, L.L.C. are the representatives of the underwriters.

UNDERWRITERS	NUMBER OF SHARES
Goldman, Sachs & Co	1,222,500
Adams, Harkness & Hill, Inc	426,500
Thomas Weisel Partners LLC	426,500
FAC/Equities, a division of First Albany Corporation	227,500
William Blair & Company, L.L.C	150,000
FleetBoston Robertson Stephens Inc	130,000
Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	130,000
SoundView Technology Group Inc	130,000
Total	2,843,000

If the underwriters sell more shares than the total number set forth in the table above, the underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional 426,450 shares from Forrester to cover such sales. They may exercise that option for 30 days. If any shares are purchased under this option, the underwriters will severally purchase shares in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following tables show the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid to the underwriters by Forrester and the selling stockholders. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

	PAID BY FORRESTER				
	NO EXERCISE FULL E			EXERCISE	
Per Share Total					

	PAID BY THE SELLING STOCKHOLDERS			
	NO EXERCISE FULL EXERCISE			XERCISE
Per Share Total		2.05 18,150		

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial price to public set forth on the cover of this prospectus. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$1.23 per share from the initial price to public. Any such securities dealers may resell any shares purchased from the underwriters to certain other brokers or dealers at a discount of up to \$.10 per share from the initial price to public. If all the shares are not sold at the initial price to public, the representatives may change the offering price and the other selling terms.

Forrester, its directors and executive officers and the selling stockholders have agreed with the underwriters not to dispose of or hedge any of their common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus continuing through the date 90 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of Goldman, Sachs & Co. This agreement does not apply to any sales by Forrester under its existing employee benefit plans.

Thomas Weisel Partners LLC, one of the representatives of the underwriters, was organized and registered as a broker-dealer in December 1998. Since December 1998, Thomas Weisel Partners has been named as a lead or co-manager on 126 filed public offerings of equity

securities, of which 94 have been completed, and has acted as a syndicate member in an additional 59 public offerings of equity securities. Thomas Weisel Partners does not have any material relationship with us or any of our officers, directors or other controlling persons, except with respect to its contractual relationship with us pursuant to the underwriting agreement entered into in connection with this offering.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of bids or purchases made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock while the offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased shares sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

These activities by the underwriters may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the common stock. As a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued by the underwriters at any time. These transactions may be effected on the Nasdaq National Market, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

As permitted by Rule 103 under the Exchange Act, certain underwriters and selling group members, if any, may act as "passive market makers" in the common stock which means they may make bids for or purchases of common stock in the Nasdaq National Market until a stabilizing bid has been made. Rule 103 generally provides:

- a passive market maker's net daily purchases of the common stock may not exceed 30% of its average daily trading volume in such securities for the two full consecutive calendar months, or any 60 consecutive days ending within the 10 days, immediately preceding the filing date of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part;
- a passive market maker may not effect transactions or display bids for the common stock at a price that exceeds the highest independent bid for the common stock by persons who are not passive market makers; and
- bids made by passive market makers must be identified as such.

Forrester estimates that the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$500,000.

Forrester and the selling stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against some liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC's public reference rooms in Washington, D.C., New York, New York and Chicago, Illinois. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference rooms. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC's Website at "http://www.sec.gov."

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" the information we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and the information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we will make with the SEC after the date we first filed the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"):

- Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998 as filed with the SEC on March 31, 1999;
- Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended September 30, 1999, June 30, 1999 and March 31, 1999 as filed with the SEC on November 12, 1999, August 16, 1999 and May 13, 1999;
- Our Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the SEC on November 30, 1999; and
- Our Registration Statement on Form 8-A as filed with the SEC on November 15, 1996.

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at the following address:

Forrester Research, Inc. 400 Technology Square Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139 Attention: General Counsel (617) 497-7090

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the SEC. You should rely only on the information or representations provided in this prospectus. We have not authorized nor have any of the selling stockholders authorized anyone to provide you with different information. The selling stockholders are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of the document.

# VALIDITY OF COMMON STOCK

Ropes & Gray, Boston, Massachusetts, is giving us its opinion on the validity of the shares being offered. Legal matters will be passed upon for the underwriters by Hale and Dorr LLP, Boston, Massachusetts.

# EXPERTS

The audited financial statements included and incorporated by reference in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been audited by Arthur Andersen LLP, independent public accountants, as indicated in their report with respect thereto, and are included herein upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving said report.

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To the Stockholders of Forrester Research, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Forrester Research, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries as of December 31, 1998 and 1999 and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and comprehensive income and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Forrester Research, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 1998 and 1999, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Boston, Massachusetts January 28, 2000

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

	DECEMBER 31,	
	1998	1999
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$400 and \$580 in 1998 and	\$ 10,414 56,070	\$ 13,445 85,342
1999, respectively Deferred commissions Prepaid income taxes Prepaid expenses and other current assets	21,158 2,124 334 2,605	36,988 4,850 1,187 4,142
Total current assets	92,705	145,954
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST:		
Computers and equipment Computer software Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	5,707 2,766 1,249 2,917	9,165 2,701 5,348 1,903
Total property and equipment Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	12,639 4,826	19,117 7,498
Property and equipment, net	7,813	11,619
OTHER ASSETS		1,820
Total assets	\$100,518 ======	\$159,393 =======
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	<b>•</b> • • • • •	<b>•</b> • <b>- - - - - - - - - -</b>
Accounts payable Customer deposits Accrued expenses	\$ 1,434 264 5,051	\$ 2,702 716 9,447
Accrued income taxes	933	617
Deferred revenue Deferred income taxes	38,894 409	66,233 873
Total current liabilities	46,985	80,588
COMMITMENTS (NOTE 6) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value Authorized 500,000 shares		
Issued and outstanding none Common stock, \$.01 par value Authorized 125,000,000 shares Issued and outstanding 17,308,350 and 19,408,064		
shares in 1998 and 1999, respectively	173	194
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	39,548 13,494	54,771 24,434
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	318	(594)
Total stockholders' equity	53,533	78,805
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$100,518 ======	\$159,393 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  $$\rm F-3$$ 

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	1997	1998	1999
REVENUES: Core research	\$30,431	\$46,842	\$64,697
Advisory services and other	9,990	14,725	22,571
Total revenues	40,421	61,567	87,268
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Cost of services and fulfillment Selling and marketing General and administrative	13,698 14,248 4,500	22,038 20,896 6,688	27,715 31,131 9,865
Depreciation and amortization Costs related to acquisition (Note 2)	1,209	2,763	4,003 694
Total operating expenses	33,655	52,385	73,408
Income from operationsOther income, net	6,766 2,515	9,182 2,957	13,860 3,710
Income before income tax provision Income tax provision	9,281 3,683	12,139 4,592	17,570 6,589
Net income	\$ 5,598	\$ 7,547	\$10,981
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.34 ======	\$ 0.44 ======	\$ 0.61 ======
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.32 ======	\$ 0.40 ======	\$ 0.55 ======
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	16,679 ======	17,041 ======	18,028 ======
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	17,703	18,744	20,067

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  $$\rm F-4$$ 

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (IN THOUSANDS)

	COMMON				ACCUMULATED		
	NUMBER OF SHARES	\$.01 PAR VALUE	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Balance, December 31, 1996 Issuance of common stock under	16,600	166	33,188	349	59	33,762	
stock option plans, including tax benefit Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase	140	2	848			850	
plan Net income Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net of tax	44 		293	5,598		293 5,598	\$ 5,598
provision					2	2	2
Total comprehensive income							\$ 5,600 ======
Balance, December 31, 1997 Issuance of common stock under stock option plans,	16,784	168	34,329	5,947	61	40,505	
including tax benefit Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase	457	4	4,562			4,566	
plan Net income Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net of tax	67 	1 	657	7,547		658 7,547	\$ 7,547
provision Cumulative translation					89	89	89
adjustment					168	168	168
Total comprehensive income							\$ 7,804 ======
Balance, December 31, 1998 Issuance of common stock related to acquisition (Note	17,308	173	39,548	13,494	318	53,533	
2) Issuance of common stock under stock option plans,	804	8		(41)		(33)	
including tax benefit Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase	1,184	12	13,846			13,858	
plan Net income Unrealized loss on marketable	112	1 	1,377	10,981		1,378 10,981	\$10,981
securities Cumulative translation					(563)	(563)	(563)
adjustment					(349)	(349)	(349)
Total comprehensive income							\$10,069 ======
Balance, December 31, 1999	19,408 ======	\$194 ====	\$54,771 ======	\$24,434 ======	\$(594) =====	\$78,805 ======	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. F-5

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS)

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	1997	1998	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$5,598	\$ 7,547	\$ 10,981
Depreciation and amortization Loss on disposals of property and equipment		2,763	4,003 105
Deferred income taxesAccretion of discount on marketable		288	464
securities Changes in assets and liabilities	(474)	(55)	(50)
Accounts receivable Deferred commissions	(3,092) (27)	(9,965) (756)	(15,036) (2,726)
Prepaid income taxes	(520)	186	(853)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets Accounts payable		(1,415) 171	(1,610) 1,103
Customer deposits	139	(15)	452
Accrued expenses	460	1,400	3,875
Accrued income taxes	798	2,341	4,716
Deferred revenue	9,258	11,820	26,521
Net cash provided by operating			
activities	12,284	14,310	31,945
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment Proceeds related to disposals of property and	(3,226)	(6,087)	(8,892)
equipment			1,056
Cash acquired in acquisition Purchase of non-marketable investment			355 (1,000)
Increase in other assets Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable	 (365,872)	(313,236)	(835) (466,628)
securities	329,433	304,482	436,843
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,841)	(39,101)
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of common stock under stock			
option plans and employee stock purchase plan	741	3,193	10,192
Net cash provided by financing activities	741	3,193	10,192
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash			(-)
equivalents		10	(5)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash	(22.242)		
equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	(26,640) 34,382	2,672 7,742	3,031 10,414
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 7,742	\$ 10,414 =======	\$ 13,445
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid for income taxes	\$    3,720	\$ 1,117 ========	\$    2,217
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:			-
Increase in additional paid-in capital and decrease in accrued income taxes related to the tax benefit on the exercises of incentive and nonqualified stock options	\$     402 ======	\$  2,031 ========	\$    5,044 ========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (1) OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Forrester Research, Inc. (the Company) is a leading independent Internet research firm that conducts research and analysis on the impact of the Internet and emerging technologies on business strategy, consumer behavior and society. The Company is incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware and grants credit to its customers with locations throughout the world.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect the application of certain significant accounting policies as described below and elsewhere in the accompanying financial statements and notes.

#### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### MANAGEMENT ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company generally invoices its core research, advisory and other services when an order is received. The gross amount is recorded as accounts receivable and deferred revenue when the client is obligated to pay the invoice. Core research, which represents the distribution of research reports as well as data research, is recorded as revenue ratably over the term of the agreement. Advisory and other services are recognized during the period in which the services are performed.

#### DEFERRED COMMISSIONS

Commissions incurred in acquiring new or renewal contracts are deferred and charged to operations as the related revenue is recognized. The Company evaluates the recoverability of deferred commissions at each balance sheet date.

### NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the diluted weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of common equivalent shares outstanding has been determined in accordance with the treasury-stock method. Common stock equivalents consist of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options.

Basic and diluted weighted average common shares are as follows (in thousands):

	1997	1998 	1999
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average common equivalent shares	16,679 1,024	17,041 1,703	18,028 2,039
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	17,703 ======	18,744 ======	20,067 =====

As of December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999, 222,172, 879,780 and 672,000 options, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the diluted weighted average common share calculation as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

#### DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

The Company provides for depreciation and amortization, computed using the straight-line method, by charges to income in amounts that allocate the costs of these assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

ESTIMATED

	USEFUL LIFE
Computers and equipment	3 to 5 Years
Computer software	3 Years
Furniture and fixtures	7 Years
Leasehold improvements	Life of lease

#### PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

All costs associated with the development of new products and services are expensed as incurred.

# CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 105, Disclosure of Information About Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Financial Instruments with Concentrations of Credit Risk, requires disclosure of any significant off-balance-sheet and credit risk concentrations. The Company has no significant off-balance sheet concentration of credit risk such as foreign exchange contracts, option contracts or other foreign hedging arrangements. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are principally cash equivalents, marketable securities and accounts receivable. The Company places its investments in highly rated institutions. No single customer accounted for greater than 10% of revenues or accounts receivable in any of the periods presented.

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

SFAS No. 107, Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments, requires disclosure about the fair value of financial instruments. Financial instruments consist of cash equivalents, marketable securities, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The estimated fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value. The fair market value of marketable securities is based on market quotes. The Company's cash equivalents and marketable securities

are generally investment grade corporate bonds and obligations of the federal government or municipal issuers.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY

The functional currency of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries in the United Kingdom and the Netherlands are the local currency. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are translated to United States dollars using period-end exchange rates for assets and liabilities and average exchange rates during the corresponding period for revenues and expenses. Translation gains and losses as a result of this translation are accumulated as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Net gains and losses resulting from foreign exchange transactions are included in the consolidated statements of operations and were not significant during the periods presented.

#### COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

SFAS No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income, requires disclosure of the components of comprehensive income, which is defined as the change in equity of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. Comprehensive income is disclosed in the accompanying statements of stockholders' equity and comprehensive income. The components of accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 31, 1998 and 1999 are as follows (in thousands):

	1998	1999
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, net of		
taxes	\$150	\$(413)
Cumulative translation adjustment	168	(181)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$318	\$(594)
	====	=====

### CAPITALIZED SOFTWARE COSTS

In March 1998, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) issued Statement of Position (SOP) No. 98-1, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use. SOP No. 98-1 requires certain computer software costs associated with internal-use software to be expensed as incurred until certain capitalization criteria are met. The Company adopted SOP No. 98-1 beginning January 1, 1999. SOP No. 98-1 had no effect upon adoption. The net book value of capitalized internal use software costs at December 31, 1998 and 1999 was approximately \$1,920,000 and \$3,420,000, respectively.

#### ORGANIZATIONAL COSTS

In April 1998, the AICPA issued SOP No. 98-5, Reporting on the Costs of Start-Up Activities which requires that all nongovernmental entities expense the costs of start-up activities, including organizational costs, as those costs are incurred. The Company has historically recorded all such costs as expenses in the period incurred.

### NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. SFAS No. 133 is effective for all periods beginning after June 15, 2000 and establishes methods of accounting for derivative financial instruments and hedging activities related to those instruments as well as other hedging

activities. Adoption of SFAS No. 133 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

# (2) ACQUISITION

On November 15, 1999, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding shares of Fletcher Research Limited (Fletcher). The transaction has been accounted for as a pooling of interests. However, Fletcher's historical financial position and results of operations were not material to the Company's financial position and results of operations. Accordingly, the historical financial statements of the Company have not been restated. The Company incurred approximately \$694,000 of various costs including legal, accounting, investment banking, printing, filing and other fees and expenses related to this transaction, which has been separately stated in the accompanying consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 1999.

#### (3) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of 90 days or less from the original date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

The Company accounts for investments in accordance with SFAS No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities. Under SFAS No. 115, securities purchased in order to be held for indefinite periods of time and not intended at the time of purchase to be held until maturity are classified as available-for-sale securities. At December 31, 1998 and 1999, these securities consisted of investments in federal and state government obligations and corporate obligations, which were recorded at fair market value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of other accumulated comprehensive income (loss). There were no held-to-maturity or trading securities at December 31, 1998 and 1999.

At December 31, 1998 and 1999, marketable securities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	1998	1999
U.S. Treasury notes Federal agency obligations State and municipal bonds Corporate obligations	15,126	\$ 7,911 13,531 19,415 44,485  \$85,342

The following table summarizes the maturity periods of marketable securities as of December 31, 1999:

	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1 TO 5 YEARS	TOTAL
U.S. Treasury notes	\$ 999	\$ 6,912	\$ 7,911
Federal agency obligations	1,500	12,031	13,531
State and municipal bonds	1,509	17,906	19,415
Corporate obligations	42,478	2,007	44,485
	\$46,486	\$38,856	\$85,342
	=======	=======	=======

#### FORRESTER RESEARCH, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

Gross realized gains and losses on sales of marketable securities for the years ended December 31, 1998 and 1999, which were calculated based on specific identification, were not material.

# (4) INVESTMENT IN GREENFIELD ONLINE

In May 1999, the Company invested \$1.0 million in a holding company that is the majority shareholder of Greenfield Online, Inc., an Internet-based marketing research firm. As a result of this investment, the Company effectively owns approximately a 3.4% interest in Greenfield Online, Inc. This investment is being accounted for using the cost method and, accordingly, is being valued at cost unless a permanent impairment in its value occurs or the investment is liquidated. As of December 31, 1999, the Company has determined that a permanent impairment has not occurred. During the year ended December 31, 1999, the Company charged approximately \$220,000 to cost of services and fulfillment related to services provided by Greenfield Online.

# (5) INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS No. 109 prescribes an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities.

Income before income tax provision consists of the following (in thousands):

	1997	1998	1999
Domestic Foreign			\$16,811 759
Total	\$9,281 =====	\$12,139 ======	\$17,570

The components of the income tax provisions for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 are as follows (in thousands):

	1997	1998	1999
Current-			
Federal	\$3,045	\$3,800	\$5,497
State	953	504	628
	3,998	4,304	6,125
Deferred-			
Federal	(244)	255	415
State	(71)	33	49
	(315)	288	464
Income tax provision	\$3,683	\$4,592	\$6,589
	======	=====	======

A reconciliation of the federal statutory rate to the Company's effective tax rate for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 is as follows:

	1997 	1998 	1999 
Income tax provision at federal statutory rate Increase (decrease) in tax resulting from-	34.0%	34.0%	35.0%
State tax provision, net of federal benefit	4.5	4.4	3.7
Non-deductible costs related to acquisition			1.1
Non-deductible expenses	0.6	0.8	0.6
Tax-exempt interest income	(1.1)	(0.8)	(1.7)
Benefit of foreign sales corporation		(0.8)	(0.6)
Other, net	1.7	0.2	(0.6)
Effective income tax rate	39.7% ====	37.8% ====	37.5% ====

Deferred income taxes as of December 31, 1998 and 1999 are related to the following temporary differences (in thousands):

	1998 	1999 
Non-deductible reserves and accruals Depreciation and amortization Deferred commissions	38	\$ 622 323 (1,818)
	 \$(409)	\$ (873)
	=====	======

The Company and George F. Colony, who was the sole stockholder of the Company prior to its initial public offering, have entered into an indemnification agreement relating to their respective income tax liabilities. Mr. Colony will continue to be liable for personal income taxes on the Company's income for all periods prior to the time the Company ceased to be an S corporation, while the Company will be liable for all income taxes subsequent to the time it ceased to be an S corporation. The agreement generally provides that the Company will indemnify Mr. Colony for any increase in his taxes (including interest and penalties) resulting from adjustments initiated by taxing authorities and from payments to him under the agreement and Mr. Colony will pay to the Company is determined to have been a C corporation for tax purposes at any time it reported its income as an S corporation, Mr. Colony will make a capital contribution to the Company in an amount necessary to hold the Company harmless from any taxes and interest arising from such determination up to the the company is S corporation to Mr. Colony prior to the the termination of the Company's S corporation election less any taxes and interest attributable to such distributions.

# (6) COMMITMENTS

The Company leases its office space and certain office equipment under operating leases. At December 31, 1999, approximate future minimum rentals due are as follows (in thousands):

2000	\$ 4,955
2001	4,780
2002	
2003	5,918
2004	
Thereafter	11,474
Total minimum lease payments	\$38,366
	======

Rent expense was approximately \$983,000, \$1,463,000 and \$2,760,000 for the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1998 and 1999, respectively.

### (7) 401(K) PLAN

The Company has a 401(k) savings plan covering substantially all eligible employees. The plan is a qualified defined contribution plan in accordance with Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Effective January 1, 1998, the Company elected to match 50% of employee contributions, up to 3% of each employee's annual salary. Company matching contributions will vest ratably over a period of four years. The Company's matching contributions totaled approximately \$424,000 and \$521,000 for the years ended December 31, 1998 and 1999, respectively.

# (8) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

# INCREASE IN AUTHORIZED SHARES AND STOCK SPLIT

On January 19, 2000, the Company filed a definitive proxy statement to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock from 25,000,000 to 125,000,000. In addition, on January 18, 2000, the Company announced a two-for-one stock split to be effected as a 100% stock dividend payable upon the increase in authorized shares. The Company has retroactively restated all share and per share amounts for the periods presented to effect this stock split.

### PREFERRED STOCK

The Company has authorized 500,000 shares of \$.01 par value preferred stock. The Board of Directors has full authority to issue this stock and to fix the voting powers, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series or designation of such series.

# (9) STOCK OPTION PLANS

In February 1996, the Company adopted the Forrester Research, Inc. 1996 Equity Incentive Plan, which has been subsequently amended (the Plan). The Plan provides for the issuance of incentive stock options (ISOs) and nonqualified stock options (NSOs) to purchase up to 10,500,000 shares of common stock. Under the terms of the Plan, ISOs may not be granted at less than fair market value on the date of grant (and in no event less than par value). ISO grants to holders of 10% of the combined voting power of all classes of Company stock must be

granted at an exercise price not less than 110% of the fair market value at the date of grant. Options generally vest ratably over three years and expire after 10 years. Options granted under the Plan immediately vest upon certain events, as defined.

In September 1996, the Company adopted the 1996 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the Directors' Plan), which provides for the issuance of options to purchase up to 300,000 shares of common stock. Under the Directors' Plan, each non-employee director shall be awarded options to purchase 12,000 shares of common stock, at an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the common stock upon his or her election as a director. These options vest in three equal annual installments commencing on the date of grant. In addition, each non-employee director will also receive an option to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock, each year immediately following the Company's annual stockholders' meeting. These options will vest in three equal installments on the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. The Compensation Committee (the Committee) of the Board of Directors also has the authority under the Directors' Plan to grant options to non-employee directors in such amounts and on such terms as set forth in the Directors' Plan as it shall determine at the time of grant.

Stock option activity under the Plan and under the Directors' Plan from December 31, 1996 to December 31, 1999 was as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	NUMBER OF SHARES	EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE
Outstanding at December 31, 1996	1,566	\$2.75-\$ 6.50	4.14
Granted	668	8.78- 14.60	11.26
Exercised	(140)	2.75- 6.50	3.19
Canceled	(56)	2.75- 11.00	7.09
Outstanding at December 31, 1997	2,038	2.75- 14.60	6.50
Granted	2,964	9.57- 19.88	12.74
Exercised	(458)	2.75- 14.60	5.54
Canceled	(447)	2.75- 19.85	9.04
Outstanding at December 31, 1998	4,097	2.75- 19.88	10.85
Granted	4,097	0.81- 33.88	14.31
Exercised	(1, 184)	2.75- 19.85	7.46
Canceled	(1,134) (870)	5.5 - 22.88	15.13
	(070)	5.5 22.00	
Outstanding at December 31, 1999	6,457	\$0.81-\$33.88	\$13.28
······································	======	============	======
Exercisable at December 31, 1999	1,226	\$0.81-\$23.94	\$10.19
	======	==========	======
Exercisable at December 31, 1998	855	\$2.75-\$14.60	\$ 6.36
Eversischle at December 21, 1007	===== 726		====== \$ 5.28
Exercisable at December 31, 1997	726	\$2.75-\$11.00	\$ 5.28

# FORRESTER RESEARCH, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 1999 (in thousands, except per share data):

	NUMBER OUTSTANDING AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	NUMBER EXERCISABLE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE
Range of exercise prices				
\$ 0.81	89	89	9.64	\$ 0.81
2.75	114	114	6.14	2.75
5.50 - 6.50	218	218	6.69	6.04
8.78 - 10.75	1,252	376	7.88	9.65
11.00 - 13.35	2,845	136	8.87	11.69
13.50 - 16.44	275	106	8.48	15.02
16.53 - 19.88	787	179	8.75	18.91
20.03 - 23.35	571		8.50	21.46
23.50 - 27.88	291	8	9.85	23.94
28.00 - 33.88	15		9.95	33.88
	6,457	1,226	8.55	\$13.28
	=====	=====	====	======

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 was 8.6, 8.7 and 8.6 years, respectively. As of December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999, options available for future grant under the Plan and the Directors' Plan were approximately 3,621,000, 1,105,000 and 2,261,000, respectively.

SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, requires the measurement of the fair value of stock options or warrants to be included in the statement of income or disclosed in the notes to financial statements. The Company has determined that it will continue to account for stock-based compensation for employees under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 and elect the disclosure-only alternative under SFAS No. 123. The Company has computed the value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model prescribed by SFAS No. 123, using the following assumptions:

	1997	1998	1999
Risk-free interest rate		5.28%	5.54%
Expected dividend yield Expected lives		5 years	5 years
Expected volatility		40%	55%

The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted under the Plan and the Directors' Plan during the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 were \$7.58, \$12.74 and \$22.49, respectively.

#### FORRESTER RESEARCH, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

If compensation cost for the Company's stock option plans had been determined consistent with SFAS No. 123, net income for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 would have been approximately as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	1997	1998	1999
As reported			
Net income	\$5,598	\$7,547	\$10,981
	======	======	=======
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.61
	======	======	======
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.55
	======	======	=======
Pro forma			
Net income	\$3,833	\$4,569	\$ 2,902
	======	======	=======
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.16
	======	======	=======
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.14
	======	======	======

In January 1998, the Company's founder and principal shareholder granted certain key employees options to purchase 2,000,000 shares of his common stock. The options have an exercise price of \$9.57 and vest as follows: one-thirty-sixth of the total number of options granted monthly through January 28, 1999; and one-third of the total number of options granted on and after each of January 28, 2000 and January 28, 2001. As of December 31, 1999, approximately 697,000 options remained outstanding, 30,000 of which were exercisable.

### (10) EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

In September 1996, the Company adopted the 1996 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Stock Purchase Plan), which provides for the issuance of up to 400,000 shares of common stock. The Stock Purchase Plan is administered by the Committee. With certain limited exceptions, all employees of the Company who have completed six months or more of continuous service in the employ of the Company and whose customary employment is more than 30 hours per week, including officers and directors who are employees, are eligible to participate in the Stock Purchase Plan. Purchase periods under the Stock Purchase Plan are generally six months in length and commence on each successive July 1 and January 1. During each purchase period under the Stock Purchase Plan, the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be purchased by an employee is limited to the number of shares equal to \$12,500 divided by the fair market value of a share of common stock on the first day of the purchase period. An employee may elect to have up to a maximum of 10% deducted from his or her regular salary for the purpose of purchasing shares under the Stock Purchase Plan. The price at which the employee's shares are purchased is the lower of (a) 85% of the closing price of the common stock on the day that the purchase period commences or (b) 85% of the closing

price of the common stock on the day that the purchase period terminates. Shares purchased by employees under the Stock Purchase Plan are as follows:

PURCHASE PERIOD ENDED	SHARES PURCHASED	PURCHASE PRICE
June 30, 1997 December 31, 1997 June 30, 1998 December 31, 1998 June 30, 1999 December 31, 1999	29,770 37,626	\$ 6.80 \$ 9.67 \$ 9.83 \$17.27 \$10.61 \$10.89

#### (11) SEGMENT AND ENTERPRISE WIDE REPORTING

The Company adopted SFAS No. 131, Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information, in the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998. SFAS No. 131 establishes selected standards for reporting information regarding operating segments in annual financial statements and requires selected information for those segments to be presented in interim financial reports issued to stockholders. SFAS No. 131 also establishes standards for related disclosures about products and services and geographic areas. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate discrete financial information is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance. The Company's chief decision-making group, as defined under SFAS No. 131, is the Executive Team, consisting of Mr. Colony and the executive officers. To date, the Company has viewed its operations and managed its business as principally one segment, research services. As a result, the financial information disclosed herein materially represents all of the financial information related to the Company's principal operating segment. Foreign assets represent less than 2% of total consolidated assets for all periods presented.

Net revenues by geographic destination and as a percentage of total revenues for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 are as follows (in thousands):

	1997	1998	1999
United States	\$31,653	\$48,922	\$67,477
Europe	4,892	7,374	12,242
Other	3,876	5,271	7,549
		***	***
	\$40,421	\$61,567	\$87,268
	======	=======	
United States	78%	79%	77%
Europe	12	12	14
Other	10	9	9
	100%	100%	100%
	======	=======	======

# (12) CERTAIN BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

ACCRUED EXPENSES:

Accrued expenses as of December 31, 1998 and 1999 consist of the following (in thousands):

	1998	1999
Payroll and related		\$4,763 4,684
	\$5,051	\$9,447
	======	======

# ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS:

A roll-forward of the allowance for doubtful accounts as of and for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1998 and 1999 is as follows (in thousands):

	1997	1998	1999
Balance, beginning of period Provision for doubtful accounts		\$325 375	\$400 904
Addition arising from acquisition (Note 2)			80
Write-offs	(274)	(300)	(804)
Balance, end of period	\$325	\$400	\$580
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# (13) SUMMARY SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

The following is a summary of selected quarterly financial data for the years ended December 31, 1998 and 1999 (in thousands, except per share data):

	QUARTER ENDED			
	MARCH 31, JUNE 30, SEPT. 30		SEPT. 30,	DEC. 31,
	1998 1998 1998		1998	1998
Revenues	\$13,131	\$15,043	\$15,070	\$18,322
Income from operationsNet income	\$ 1,448	\$ 1,893	\$ 2,257	\$ 3,583
	\$ 1,342	\$ 1,617	\$ 1,874	\$ 2,714
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.16
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.14

	QUARTER ENDED			
	MARCH 31, 1999	JUNE 30, 1999	SEPT. 30, 1999	DEC. 31, 1999
Revenues Income from operations Net income Basic net income per common share Diluted net income per common share	\$ 1,904 \$ 0.11	\$19,671 \$ 2,710 \$ 2,235 \$ 0.13 \$ 0.12	\$21,981 \$ 3,741 \$ 2,855 \$ 0.16 \$ 0.14	\$27,687 \$ 5,198 \$ 3,988 \$ 0.21 \$ 0.18

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No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the shares offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this prospectus is current only as of its date.

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2,843,000 Shares

FORRESTER RESEARCH, INC.

Common Stock

[Forrester Research, Inc. LOG0]

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO. ADAMS, HARKNESS & HILL, INC. THOMAS WEISEL PARTNERS LLC FAC/EQUITIES WILLIAM BLAIR & COMPANY Representatives of the Underwriters

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